

WARNING HYDRAULIC BREAKER SAFETY

Any piece of equipment can be dangerous if not operated properly. **YOU** are responsible for the safe operation of this equipment. The operator must carefully read and follow any warnings, safety signs and instructions provided with or located on the equipment. Do not remove, defeat, deface or render inoperable any of the safety devices or warnings on this equipment. **IF** any safety devices or warnings have been removed, defeated, defaced, or rendered inoperable, **DO NOT USE THIS EQUIPMENT!!!**

⚠ WARNING: This product can expose you to chemicals including naphthalene from petroleum products which are known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm. For more information go to www.P65warnings.ca.gov

<<<WARNING >>>

THE EQUIPMENT PROTECTION PLAN DOES NOT COVER DAMAGE TO HOSES AND FITTINGS. CUSTOMER IS RESPONSIBLE FOR ALL HOSE AND FITTING DAMAGE!

DANGER: Exercise special care whenever entering or exiting a skid steer loader with an auxiliary attachment installed. Hoses, mounting brackets, and even the attachment itself can be a trip hazard and could cause you to fall.

WARNING! This product contains or produces one or more chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer, birth defects or other reproductive harm.

Danger: This tool has and creates multiple pinch points. Keep hands, feet and other body parts clear at all times.

NEVER TOUCH A LEAKING HYDRAULIC HOSE IT CAN PIERCE YOUR SKIN! Escaping hydraulic oil under pressure can have sufficient force to penetrate your skin, causing serious personal injury. If injured by escaping fluid, obtain medical treatment immediately!

KEEP BYSTANDERS AWAY. To avoid injury from flying chips of stone or concrete, be sure others stay well away from the breaker when it is operating.

ALWAYS wear eye and hearing protection. We recommend wearing a face shield as additional face and eye protection.

IMPORTANT SAFETY RULES TO FOLLOW

BOOM DOWN PRESSURE: Proper boom down pressure must be applied to achieve maximum breaking ability. If the down pressure is not sufficient, the energy created will be transferred to the carrier, not the concrete or rock. This could lead to stress on the breaker and the carrier, which could result in damage.

THRUST DIRECTION: Always position the breaker perpendicular to the work surface. As the breaker travels downward, it will follow a curved path. Always reposition the carrier to keep perpendicular to the work. If breaking is done at an angle other than perpendicular, the tool may slip off the material or cause a bind between the working steel and the front bushing.

WORKING STEEL TRAVEL: Make sure the working steel travels freely in the bushing. If the steel does not move freely, it may be seized in the front bushings.

DRY FIRING HAMMER: As soon as the material has been broken, discontinue hammering immediately. The breaker and carrier may be adversely affected by idle strokes. **AVOID MOVING ROCKS WITH BREAKER** Do Not use the breaker or working steel to roll, push material or reposition the carrier. This may cause damage to the mounting bolts, side plates, working steel or the carrier itself.

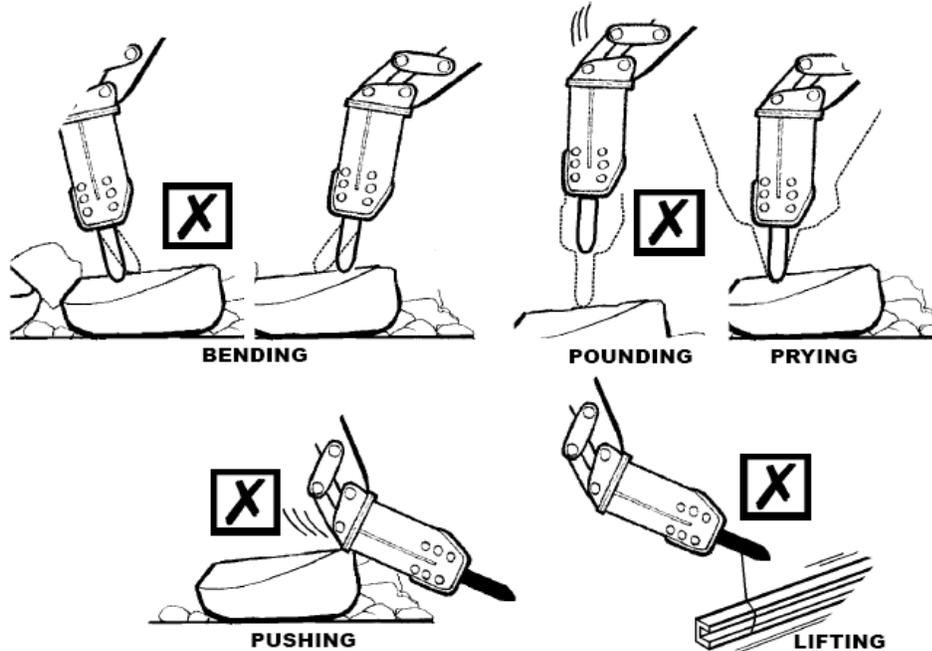
PRYING: Do not pry with the working steel, under any circumstances. This may cause damage to the bolts or failure of the working steel. Powdered "spoils" can become packed in a hole and will cause the steel to become stuck. Frequent re-positioning will help avoid this problem, as will correct selection of working steel.

LIFTING: Never use the working steel or breaker to lift with. This is dangerous and could damage the breaker or working steel.

POSITIONING THE BREAKER: Always maintain control of the breaker when positioning the working steel. Do not let the breaker drop on the material being broken. This could damage the breaker & base machine.

AVOID PROLONGED HAMMERING: Never hammer more than 45-60 seconds continuously in the same spot. When breaking hard material keep moving the working steel to avoid dulling the point or raising the oil temperature, which could result in a damaged accumulator, breaker or carrier.

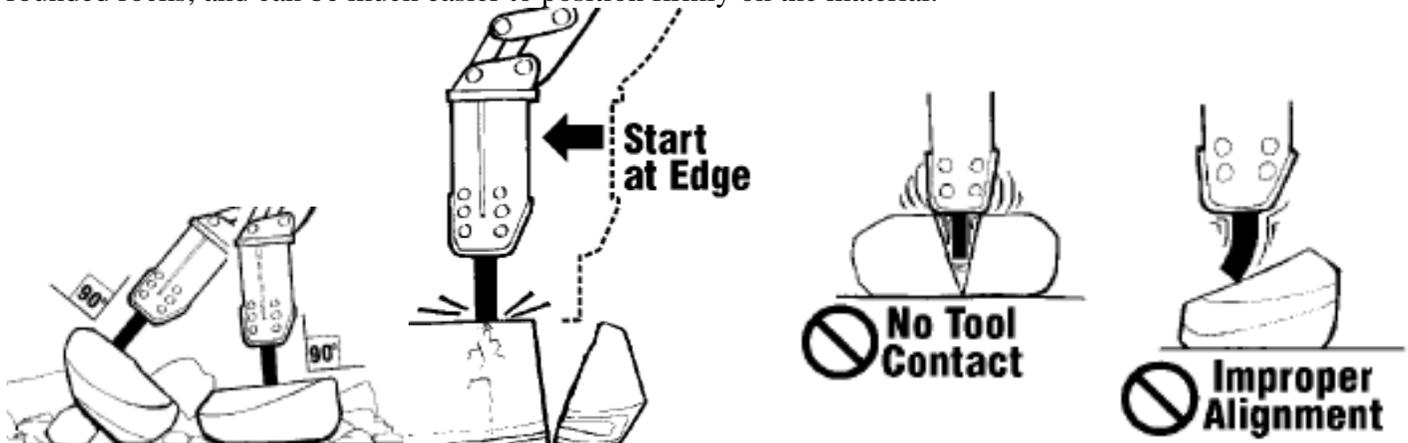
IMPROPER BREAKER OPERATION



BREAKING CONCRETE: Begin by penetrating the concrete several times in one area with the breaker tool. This should loosen the concrete and separate the reinforcing steel. The reinforcing steel may need to be cut, keeping the concrete pieces manageable for hauling away. When breaking concrete floors, use the down force from the carrier's boom cylinder to follow the tool through the concrete. Breaking vertical walls is more difficult, force must be maintained using a combination of boom, stick, and tilt cylinders. A fast blow rate gives the best performance in breaking concrete, so ensure your carrier is providing the breaker with the maximum recommended oil flow. Generally, when breaking concrete, a chisel point gives the best splitting action. However, if you are breaking hard concrete with lots of reinforcing steel, a moil point may be better. The moil tip allows the tool to deflect off the steel as it breaks through the concrete.

BREAKING HARD OR LARGE MATERIAL: When breaking oversized material, it is always better to break the ends or at a crack. Even large rocks can be broken in this manner.

BREAKING ROUND OR IRREGULARLY SHAPED MATERIAL: When breaking rounded material that might shift or move, careful positioning is required. Often, blunt working steel makes better contact with rounded rocks, and can be much easier to position firmly on the material.



Warning metal conducts electricity. Do Not use this Breaker where it may come into contact with power lines or other electric circuits. Failure to comply to this warning will result in serious personal injury or death. Keep appropriate distances from High Voltage lines.

Smart digging means calling 811 before each job. Whether you are a homeowner or a professional excavator, one call to 811 gets your underground utility lines marked for FREE!

If the person receiving this handout will not be the user of the equipment, forward these instructions to the operator. **IF** there is any doubt as to the operation or safety of the equipment,

DO NOT USE!!! CALL A TOOL SHED IMMEDIATELY!!!

FAILURE TO FOLLOW THESE INSTRUCTIONS COULD RESULT IN INJURY OR DEATH